

Hays County Master Gardener Association 2020 Fall Tree Sale

Plant	Size (Ht x Spread)	Light	Water Needs	Seasonal Interest	Care	Photo
Anacacho Orchid Tree (<i>Bauhinia lunarioides</i> - <i>B.congesta</i>)	6-12' x 6-12'	Sun/Part Shade	Low	Spring	Does well in wide variety of growing conditions; protect against winter winds. Multi-trunked; prune to shape or raise canopy photo from Native Texas Nursery	
Arroyo Sweetwood (<i>Myrospermum sousanum</i>)	Up to 20' x 15'	Sun/Part Shade	Very Low	Spring	Fast growing, multi-trunked; prune to shape or raise canopy. Showy, fragrant flowers in spring, gold leaves in fall. photo from Native Texas Nursery	 
Desert Willow, 'Bubba' (<i>Chilopsis linearis</i> 'Bubba')	15-20' x 10-15'	Sun	Very Low	Spring to Fall	Open, airy structure provides light shade for underplants. Needs well drained soil; drought resistant and tolerates reflected heat. photo from Native Texas Nursery	
Goldenball Lead Tree (<i>Leucana retusa</i>)	15-20' x 15-20'	Sun	Very Low	April to October	Understory tree with fragrant blooms; airy foliage casts light shade. Adapts well to various soils but needs good drainage photo Native Texas Nursery & GrowGreen	 
Mexican Buckeye (<i>Ungnadia speciosa</i>)	12-20' x 12-20'	Sun/Part Shade	Low	Early Spring	Broad spreading, understory tree. Multi-trunked; does not need pruning. Adaptable to many environments. photo from Native Texas Nursery	 

Mexican Plum
(*Prunus mexicana*)

15-25' x 15-25'

Sun/Part
Shade

Low

Year Round

Earliest spring bloomer; edible fruit in JUL-SEP. Needs good drainage and fair amount of soil. Prune to shape or raise canopy.

[photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)



Moringa Tree
(*Moringa oleifera*)

25-35' x 15-25'

Sun

Low -
when soil
is mostly
dry

Spring to
Fall

Grows very rapidly, to 18' in 6 mo. Prune to comfortable height for harvesting; can take on a bush-like habit or prune aggressively to contain. Cold tender below 30; will die back to ground in cold weather but will become more frost hardy in 4-5 yrs.

[photo by Obsidian Soul, wiki commons](#)



Redbud, Mexican
(*Cercis canadensis* var. *mexicana*)

10-15' x 10-15'

Sun/Part
Shade

Low - Very
Low

Early Spring

Small, wavy leaves; usually multi-trunked. Branches sport bright pink-purple blooms before leaves emerge. Needs good drainage.

[photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)



Redbud, Texas
(*Cercis canadensis* var. *texensis*)

15-20' x 12-15'

Sun/Part
Shade

Low - Very
Low

Early Spring

Leaves larger than Mexican variety; single or multi-trunked. Needs well drained site. Prune to shape or raise canopy.

[photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)



Rough-leaf Dogwood
(*Cornus drummondii*)

15-20' x 15-20'

Part
shade/Shad
e

Low

Year Round

Needs space for clumping form, suckers extensively; excellent for erosion control on slopes & river banks. White cluster flowers in spring; then develops white berries.

[photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)



Prairie Flameleaf Sumac
(*Rhus lanceolata*)

10-20' x 10-20' Sun Very Low Fall

Needs space for thicket forming suckers; native to limestone soils. Irregularly shaped with long narrow leaves; turns a beautiful red/orange in fall.

[photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)



Southern Wax Myrtle
(*Morella cerifera*, formerly *Myrica cerifera*)

10-25' x 10-25' Sun/Part Shade/Shadow Medium Winter

Fast growing evergreen with glossy, aromatic leaves. Use as screen or hedge, or prune to shape or raise canopy.

[photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)



Texas Mountain Laurel
(*Sophora secundiflora*)

12-20' x 8-12' Sun/Part Shade/Shadow Very Low Spring

Slow growing evergreen with lavender clusters of fragrant blooms in spring. Native to rocky, limestone cliffs. Needs good drainage. Prune to shape or raise canopy.

[Photo from GrowGreen.org](#)



Texas Persimmon
(*Diospyros texana*)

15-20' x 8-12' Sun/Part Shade Very Low Spring

Slow growing, native to shallow limestone soils, grow anywhere with sun and good drainage. Small dark green leaves and smooth gray bark makes this an excellent accent tree.

[photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)

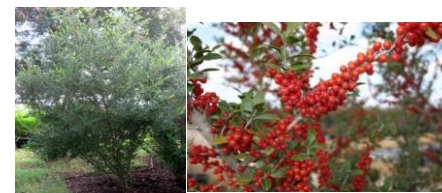


Yaupon, 'Pride of Houston' (Female)
(*Ilex vomitoria* 'Pride of Houston')

12-25' x 8-12' Sun/Part Shade Low to Medium Winter

Evergreen, dark green, glossy leaves with red berries in the fall. Cultivar has tidy growth habit and is adaptable to many environments.

[photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)



Burr Oak
(*Quercus macrocarpa*)

50-70'+ x 50'+ Sun Very Low Spring

Moderate to fast growth, one of the largest oaks in this area. Provide plenty of space and deep soil. Drought tolerant and very adaptable.

[Photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)



Cedar Elm
(*Ulmus crassifolia*)

50-75' x 40-50' Sun Very Low Fall

Fast growing and long lived; upright form, more tall than broad. Very adaptable. Gold foliage in the fall.

[Photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)



Chinquapin Oak
(*Quercus muhlenbergii*)

50-70' x 30-40' Sun Low Fall

Medium to large oak with moderate growth rate. Canopy broadens as it ages, stately. Yellow to bronze color in fall. Provide deep soil.

[Photo from GrowGreen.org](#)



Oak, Mexican White / Monterrey
(*Quercus polymorpha*)

45' x 45' Sun Very Low

Spreading oak with leathery leaves which is evergreen most winters; drops leaves briefly when new leaves emerge in spring. Provide deep soil.

[Photo from GrowGreen.org](#)



Montezuma Cypress
(*Taxodium mucronatum*)

40-60' x 30-50' Sun/Part Shade High Fall

Faster growing than its cousin the Bald Cypress, more adapted to dry conditions. May freeze in severe winter. Bronze or rust fall colors.

[Photo from Native Texas Nursery](#)

